AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Claims 1-19. (Canceled)

Claim 20. (Currently amended) A process for the preparation of thrombolytic enzyme, named Thrombinase, having a molecular weight in the range of 31,000 to 32,000 Daltons, which comprises:

- (i) Culturing <u>a</u> the filtrate of cells of Bacillus sphaericus serotype H5a 5b in a culture medium consisting of 0.03 to 1.5% of yeast extract, 0.2 to 1.5% peptone, 1 to 1.6% sodium acetate, 0.3 to 0.5% beef extract, 0.2 to 0.5% sodium chloride, 0.5 to 1 % Soya peptone, and 0.68% ammonium sulphate at a pH in <u>a</u> the range of 7.2 to 8,
- (ii) Removing the cultured cells by cross flow filtration using 0.22 m μ filter $\underline{\omega}$ obtain a cell supernatant,
 - (iii) Subjecting the cell supernatant thus obtained to two step ultra filtration;

 a. with a first ultra filtration of the cell supernatant using 100,000 MW (Molecular Weight) cut off membrane to obtain a filtrate, and

 b. with a second followed-by ultra filtration of the filtrate thus-obtained, using 10,000 MW cut off membrane to obtain a retentate.
- (iv) Salting out the retentate with ammonium sulphate in a concentration in the range of 20 to 40% to obtain a precipitate.
 - (v) Subjecting the resulting precipitate to dialysis,
 - (vi) Re-precipitating the dialyzed precipitate using ice-cold acetone,
 - (vii) Reconstituting the re-precipitated precipitate in buffer,
- (viii) Decolorizing the reconstituted precipitate by using modified CDR (Cell Debris Remover) treatment by eluting with a buffer containing 0.1 to 0.5 M NaCl and then dialyzing and lyophilizing,
- (ix) Purifying the lyophilized precipitate firstly by ion exchange chromatography and followed by gel filtration chromatography to obtain a fraction showing fibrinolytic activity, and

- (x) Dialyzing the fraction showing fibrinolytic activity and lyophilizing to obtain purified Thrombinase having a molecular weight in the range of 31,000 to 32,000 Daltons.
- Claim 21. (Currently amended) A process as claimed in claim 20 wherein the buffer used in step (vii) is Tris 0.01 M and the pH is 8.0.
- Claim 22. (Currently amended) A process as claimed in claim 20 wherein the amount of ice-cold acetone and crude enzyme used in step (vi) are in the ratio of 1:1 to 1:1.5 (v/v).
- Claim 23. (Currently amended) A process as claimed in claim 21 wherein the amount of ice-cold acetone and crude enzyme used in step (vi) are in the ratio of 1:1 to 1:1.5 (v/v).

Claim 24. (Canceled)

- Claim 25. (New) A process for the preparation of Thrombinase, having a molecular weight in the range of 31,000 to 32,000 Daltons, which comprises:
- (i) Culturing a filtrate of cells of Bacillus sphaericus serotype H5a 5b in a culture medium consisting of 0.03 to 1.5% of yeast extract, 0.2 to 1.5% peptone, 1 to 1.6% sodium acetate, 0.3 to 0.5% beef extract, 0.2 to 0.5% sodium chloride, 0.5 to 1 % Soya peptone, and 0.68% ammonium sulphate at a pH in a range of 7.2 to 8,
- (ii) Removing the cultured cells by cross flow filtration using 0.22 m μ filter to obtain a cell supernatant,
 - (iii) Subjecting the cell supernatant to two step ultra filtration:
 - a. with a first ultra filtration of the cell supernatant using 100,000 MW (Molecular Weight) cut off membrane to obtain a filtrate, and
 - b. with a second ultra filtration of the filtrate using 10,000 MW cut off membrane to obtain a retentate,
 - (iv) Salting out the retentate with ammonium sulphate in a concentration in the

range of 20 to 40% to obtain a precipitate,

- (v) Subjecting the precipitate to dialysis,
- (vi) Re-precipitating the dialyzed precipitate using ice-cold acetone,
- (vii) Reconstituting the re-precipitated precipitate in buffer, and
- (viii) Decolorizing the reconstituted precipitate by using modified CDR (Cell Debris Remover) treatment by eluting with a buffer containing 0.1 to 0.5 M NaCl and then dialyzing and lyophilizing.

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